

ALL IN ONE ESS

GB-SL5K-EU

GB-SL6K-EU

GB-SL8K-EU

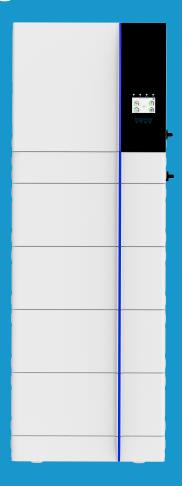
GB-SL10K-EU

GB-SL12K-EU

GB-SL15K-EU

GB-SL20K-EU

User Manual



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About This Manual

The manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system.

How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any operation on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

Contents may be periodically updated or revised due to product development. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice. The latest manual can be acquired via service@deye.com.cn

1. Safety Introductions

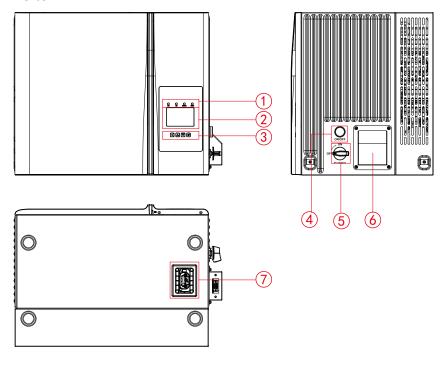
- · This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Before using the inverter, please read the instructions and warning signs of the battery and corresponding sections in the instruction manual.
- Do not disassemble the inverter. If you need maintenance or repair, take it to a professional service center.
- · Improper reassembly may result in electric shock or fire.
- · To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wires before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- · Caution: Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- · Never charge a frozen battery.
- · For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size. It is very important to correctly operate this inverter.
- · Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. Dropping a tool may cause a spark or short circuit in batteries or other electrical parts, even cause an explosion.
- · Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to "Installation" section of this manual for the details.
- Grounding instructions this inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- · Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do not connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.

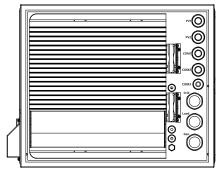
2. Product Introduction

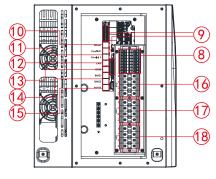
This is a multifunctional inverter, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user configurable and easy accessible button operation such as battery charging, AC/solar charging, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

2.1 Product Overview

Inverter





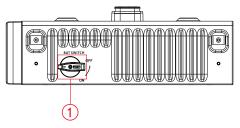


- 1: Inverter indicators
- 2: LCD display
- 3: Function buttons
- 4: Power on/off button
- 5: DC switch
- 6: WiFi Interface

- 7: Battery input connectors
- 8: PV input
- 9: Function port
- 10: Meter port
- 10. Mictel port
- 11: Parallel port
- 12: CAN port

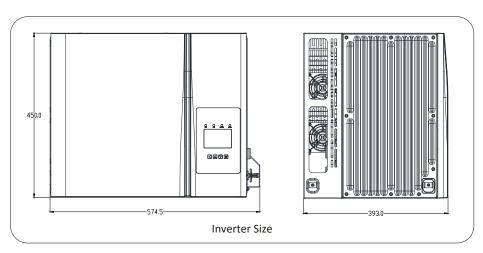
- 13: DRM port
- 14: BMS port
- 15: RS485 port
- 16: Grid
- 17: Load
- 18: Generator input

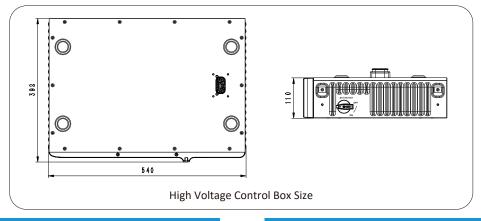
High Voltage Control Box

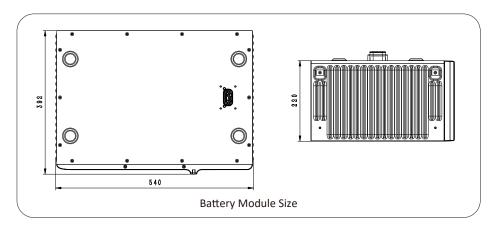


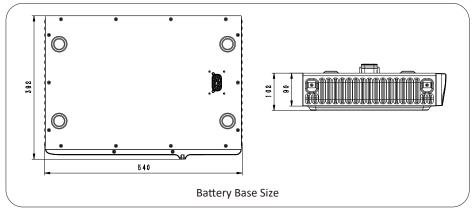
1: High Voltage DC switch

2.2 Product Size









2.3 Product Features

- 230V/400V Three phase Pure sine wave inverter.
- Self-consumption and feed-in to the grid.
- Auto restart while AC is recovering.
- Programmable supply priority for battery or grid.
- Programmable multiple operation modes: On grid, off grid and UPS.
- Configurable battery charging current/voltage based on applications by LCD setting.
- Configurable AC/Solar/Generator Charger priority by LCD setting.
- Compatible with mains voltage or generator power.
- Overload/over temperature/short circuit protection.
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- With limit function, prevent excess power overflow to the grid.
- Supporting WIFI monitoring and build-in 2 strings for 1 MPP tracker, 1 string for 1 MPP tracker.
- Smart settable three stages MPPT charging for optimized battery performance.
- Time of use function.
- Smart Load Function.

2.4 Basic System Architecture

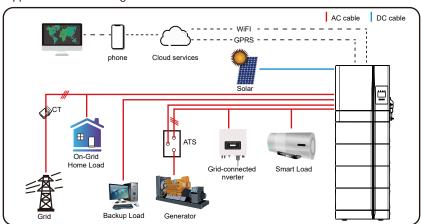
The following illustration shows basic application of this inverter.

It also includes following devices to have a complete running system.

- Generator or Utility
- PV modules

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor type appliances such as refrigerator and air conditioner.

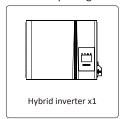


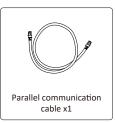
3. Installation

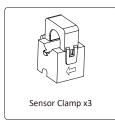
3.1 Parts List

Check the equipment before installation. Please make sure nothing is damaged in the package. You should have received the items in the following package:

Inverter package

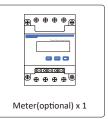


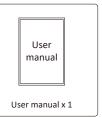












GB-LBS and GB-L Base package















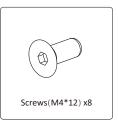




GB-LM4.0 battery package





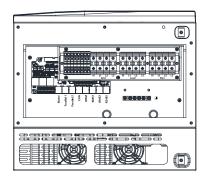


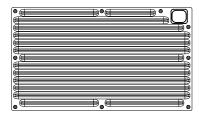
3.2 Mounting instructions Installation Precaution

This Hybrid inverter is designed for outdoor use(IP65), Please make sure the installation site meets below conditions:

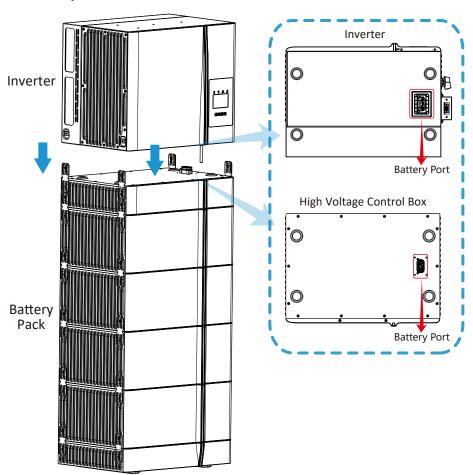
- · Not in direct sunlight
- · Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored.
- · Not in potential explosive areas.
- · Not in the cool air directly.
- · Not near the television Antenna or antenna cable.
- · Not higher than altitude of about 2000 meters above sea level.
- · Not in environment of precipitation or humidity(>95%)

Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation. Before connecting all wires, please take off the metal cover by removing screws as shown below:





3.3 Battery connection



3.3.1 Install the Battery

Installation Place Requirement

- · Installed on the surface with enough dryness, horizontal and flat, and has sufficient carrying capacity. (For example, concrete or masonry).
- · The altitude of the installation location must not be higher than 2000 meters. (The output power of the battery will decrease with the height of the altitude).
- · If in the flood area, you must pay attention to ensure that the battery is installed in an appropriate altitude and prevent contact with water.
- · Ensure there is no fire source, and it must be equipped with an independent fire alarm device.
- · Cannot be exposed to corrosive environments.
- The working temperature range should be-20°C to Max.+60°C.
- · The maximum environment humidity is 90%.
- · Can't be exposed to the sun or beside the heat source directly.
- · The installation site must be away from the children and the old.
- · The installation position must be compatible with the weight and size of the battery.

Tools Requirements

When installing the battery system, wear the following safety equipment:



When installing the battery system, prepare the following spare parts:



Attention:

- · Because the DC cable or connector on the battery system may cause electric shock or very dangerous life, do not contact the end of the non-insulating cable.
- · If the battery module incorrectly lifts or falls in the process of transportation or installation, it may cause the risk of injury due to the weight of the battery module.
- · Carefully transport and lift the battery module. Consider the weight of the battery module.
- \cdot For those who work for the battery system, please wear qualified personal protection equipment.

Note: Before the battery is installed, please switch off the Air Switch of the high Voltage Control Box.

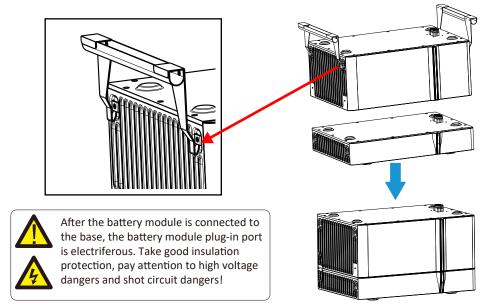
Note: Wear gloves, goggles and safety shoes before installation.

Installation steps

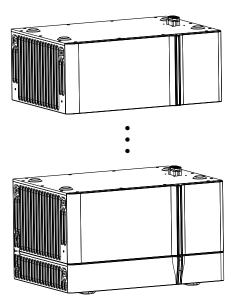


CAUTION!

- · Before installation, please make sure to wear the safety shoes to prevent foot injury.
- The weight of a battery module over 30kg. Use the movable handle tool, and two people should work together to move it.
- · Do not use the movable handle tool to carry the battery module when the distance is ≥10m.
- · Before using the transport tools, check whether they are reliable.
- · The installation humidity ranges from 5% to 90%.
- 1. Take out the base and battery module. Place the base on hard floor, lift the battery module on top of the base using a movable handle tool.



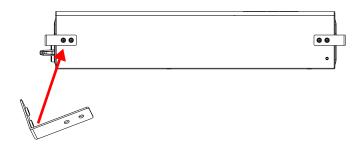
2. Stack the corresponding connection ports at the bottom of the battery module. The number of stackable battery modules for a single battery system ranges from 2 to 6.



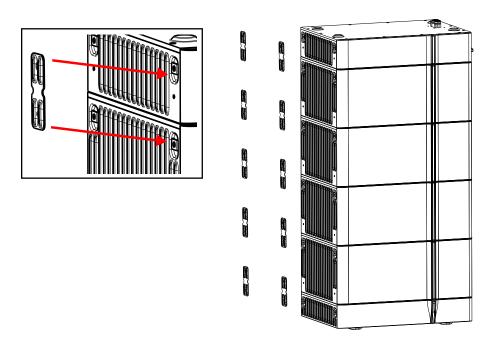
3. Take out the high voltage box, and install the wall fixing plate on the pre-mounting hole of the high voltage box with M4*8 screws.



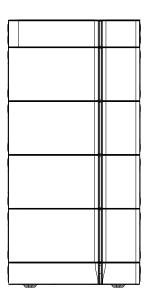
4. Finally, install the high voltage box to the top layer of the battery module.



5. Use M4*12 hex socket screws to install the box fixing plate between the base and the battery module, between the battery module and the high voltage box as well.

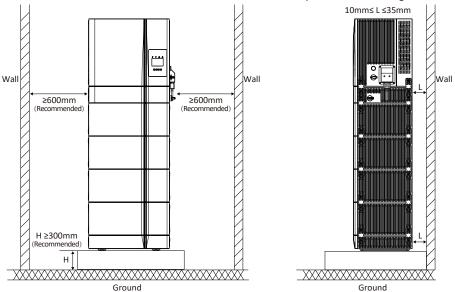


6. Place the high voltage box on one side of the wall, mark the positions of fixing holes, drill two holes in the wall with a depth of 100-110mm using the electrical drill, secure the high voltage box to the wall and install expansion bolts in the holes with a proper hammer.



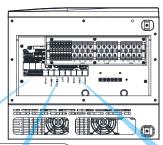
Selection of installation sites

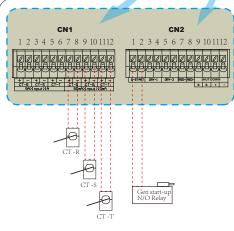
The installation location is recommended to meet the size requirements of the figure below:



3.3.2 Function port definition

Inverter





CN1:

CT-R (1,2,7,8): current transformer (CT-R) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L1 when in three phase system.

CT-S (3,4,9,10): current transformer (CT-S) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L2 when in three phase system.

CT-T (5,6,11,12): current transformer (CT-T) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L3 when in three phase system.

CN2:

G-start (1,2): dry contact signal for startup the diesel generator.

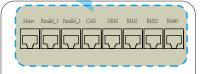
When the "GEN signal" is active, the open contact

(GS) will switch on (no voltage output).

DRY-1 (3,4): reserved.

DRY-2 (5,6): reserved.

RSD (7,8): When battery is connected and the inverter is in "ON" status, it will provide 12Vdc.



Meter: for energy meter communication.

Parallel_1: Parallel communication port 1.

Parallel_2: Parallel communication port 2 .

CAN: reserved.

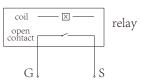
DRM: Logic interface for AS/

NZS 4777.2:2020.

BMS1: BMS port for battery communication port 1.

BMS2: BMS port for battery communication port 2.

RS485: RS485 port.



GS (diesel generator startup signal)

3.4 Grid connection and backup load connection

- Before connecting to grid, please install a separate AC breaker between inverter and grid. Also, it is recommended that installs an AC breaker between backup load and inverter. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current. For the 5/6/8/10/12/15/20KW model, the recommended AC breaker for backup load is 100A. For the 5/6/8/10/12/15/20KW model, the recommended AC breaker for grid is 100A.
- · There are three terminal blocks with "Grid" "Load" and "GEN" markings. Please do not misconnect input and output connectors.



All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable as below.

backup load connection

| Model | Wire Size | Cable(mm²) | Torque value(max) |
|------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| 5/6/8/10Kw | 8AWG | 10 | 2.5Nm |
| 12/15/20Kw | 4AWG | 25 | 2.5Nm |

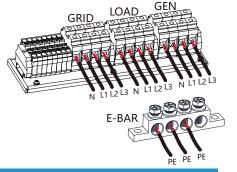
Grid connection

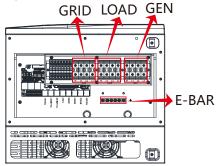
| Model | Wire Size | Cable(mm²) | Torque value(max) |
|------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| 5/6/8/10Kw | 8AWG | 10 | 2.5Nm |
| 12/15/20Kw | 4AWG | 25 | 2.5Nm |

Chart 3-3 Recommended Size for AC wires

Please follow below steps to implement Grid, load and Gen port connection:

- 1. Before making Grid, load and Gen port connection, be sure to turn off AC breaker or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm length, insert the wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block. Make sure the connection is complete.







Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to wire it to the unit.

- Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten terminal. Be sure to connect corresponding N wires and PE wires to related terminals as well.
- 4. Make sure the wires are securely connected.
- 5. Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2-3 minutes to restart because it is required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuit. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it is equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trigger overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner

3.5 PV Connection

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separately DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection.



To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible leakage current to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause leakage current to the inverter. When using PV modules, please ensure the PV+ & PV- of solar panel is not connected to the system ground bar.



It is requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

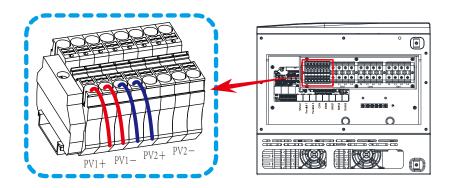
| Cable type | Cross section (mm²) | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| cubie type | Range | Recommended value | |
| Industry generic PV cable (model: PV1-F) | 2.5-6 (12~9AWG) | 4(11AWG) | |

Chart 3-4



Safety Hint:

Please use approved DC cable for PV system.



3.5.1 PV Module Selection:

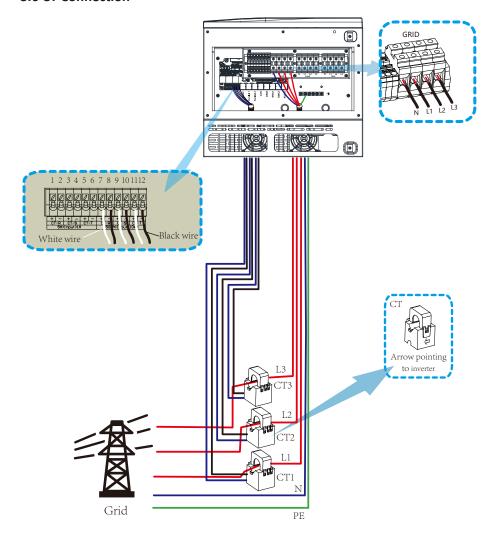
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules can not exceed max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. start voltage.
- 3) The PV modules used to connected to this inverter shall be Class A rating certified according to IEC 61730.

| Inverter Model | 5KW | 6KW | 8KW | 10KW | 12KW | 15KW | 20KW |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| PV Input Voltage | 600V (180V~1000V) | | | | | | |
| PV Array MPPT Voltage Range | 150V-850V | | | | | | |
| No. of MPP Trackers | 2 | | | | | | |
| No. of Strings per MPP Tracker | 1+1 | | 2+ | +1 | 2+2 | | |

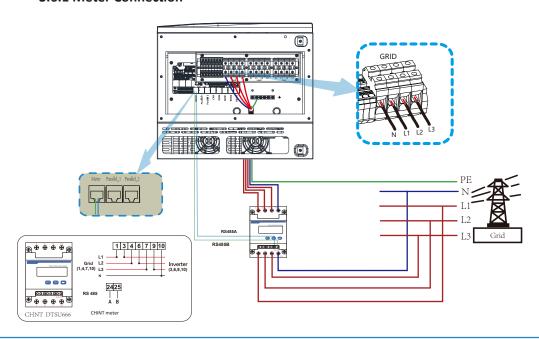
Chart 3-5

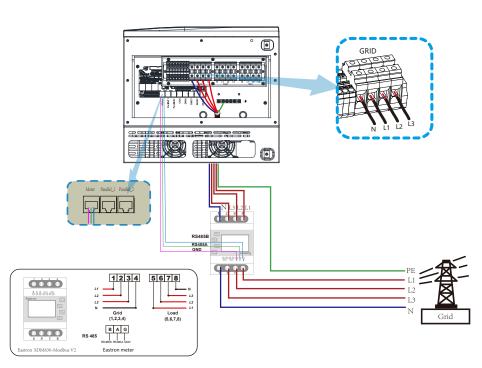
3.6 CT Connection

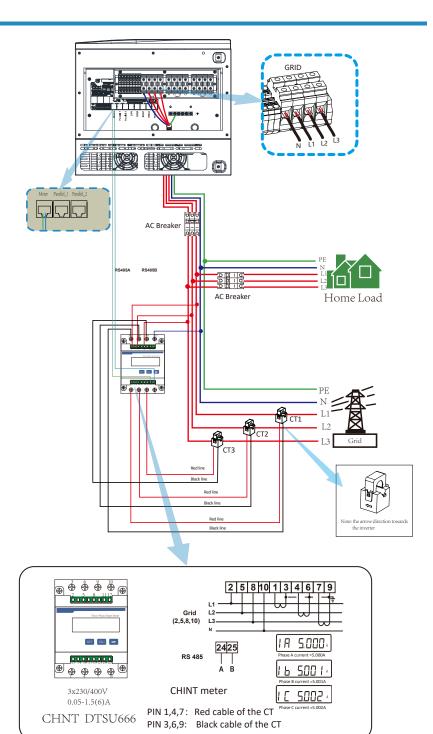


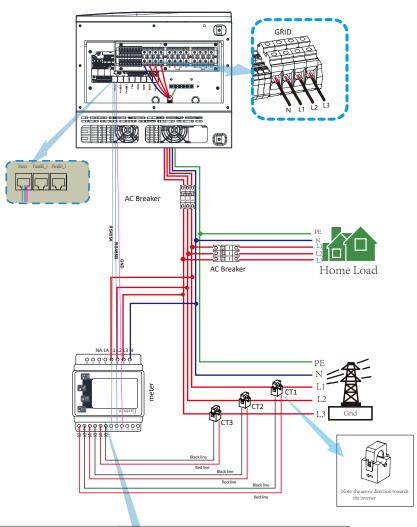
*Note: when the reading of the load power on the LCD is not correct, please reverse the CT arrow.

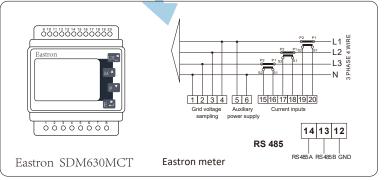
3.6.1 Meter Connection













Note:

When the inverter is in the off-grid state, the N line needs to be connected to the earth

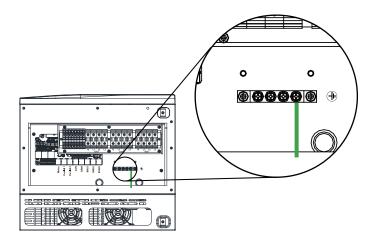


Note:

In final installation, breaker certified according to IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-2 shall be installed with the equipment.

3.7 Earth Connection(mandatory)

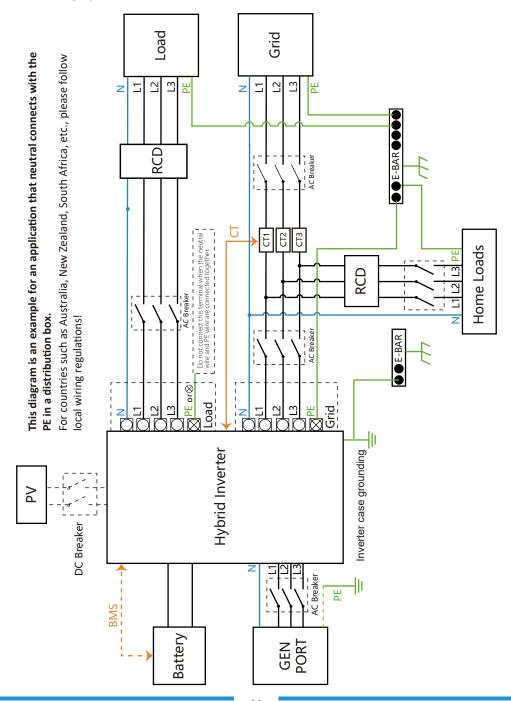
Ground cable shall be connected to ground plate on grid side this prevents electric shock if the original protective conductor fails.



3.8 WIFI Connection

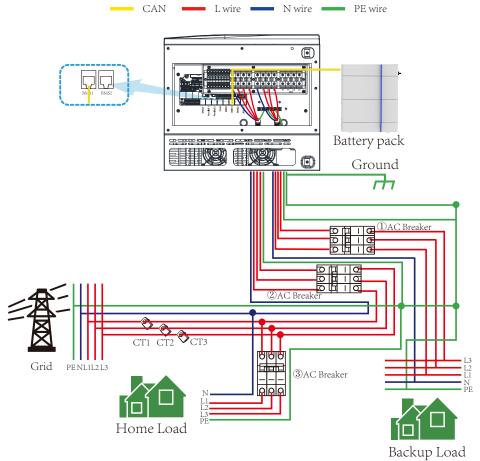
For the configuration of Wi-Fi Plug, please refer to illustrations of the Wi-Fi Plug. The Wi-Fi Plug is not a standard configuration, it's optional.

3.9 Wiring System for Inverter



3.10 Wiring diagram

Backup Loads Grid ●E-BAR ●●● This diagram is an example for an application in which neutral is separated from the PE in the distribution box. When the inverter is working in backup mode, neutral and PE on the backup side are connected via the internal Note:Backup function is optional in German market.please leave backup side empty if backup function is not For countries such as China, Germany,the Czech Republic, Italy, etc., please follow local wiring reguations! Distribution box E E E relay. Also, this internal relay will be open when the inverter is working in grid tied mode. Home Loads 80 **● E-BAR** Backup J On-Grid PE or⊗i **Hybrid Inverter** Grouding screw hole in the lower right corner available in the inverter. Battery Array Solar

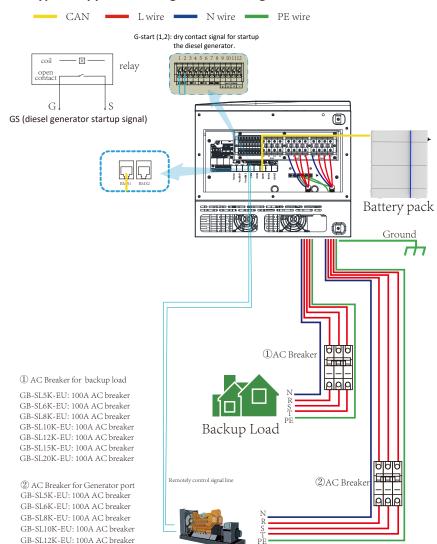


① AC Breaker for backup load GB-SL5K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL6K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL16K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL10K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL12K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL15K-EU: 100A AC breaker

② AC Breaker for grid GB-SL5K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL6K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL16K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL10K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL15K-EU: 100A AC breaker GB-SL2W-EU: 100A AC breaker

③AC Breaker for home load Depends on household loads

3.11 Typical application diagram of diesel generator



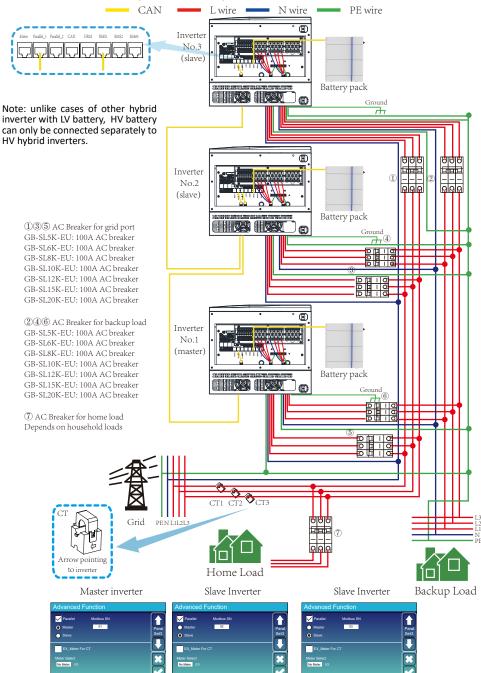
Generator

GB-SL15K-EU: 100A AC breaker

GB-SL20K-EU: 100A AC breaker

3.12 Three phase parallel connection diagram

Note: The function of Multiple units work in parallel mode will be avaiable in Q1 2023.



4. OPERATION

4.1 Power ON/OFF

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off button(located on the left side of the case) to turn on the unit. When system without battery connected, but connect with either PV or grid, and ON/OFF button is switched off, LCD will still light up(Display will show OFF), In this condition, when switch on ON/OFF button and select NO battery, system can still working.

4.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.

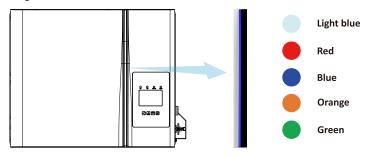
| LED Indicator | | Messages | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| DC | Green led solid light | PV Connection normal | | |
| AC | Green led solid light | Grid Connection normal | | |
| Normal | Green led solid light | Inverter operating normal | | |
| Alarm | Red led solid light | Malfunction or warning | | |

Chart 4-1 LED indicators

| Function Key | Description |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Esc | To exit setting mode |
| Up | To go to previous selection |
| Down | To go to next selection |
| Enter | To confirm the selection |

Chart 4-2 Function Buttons

Light Meaning



| Light Meaning | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Self-check | Light-blue light, breathing at normal rate. If the duration exceeds 1 minute, restart the battery or contact maintenance personnel. |
| Fault | The red light is steady on when the system in faulty. |
| Normal | The blue light is steady on by default. If no PCS communication is available, the light switches to the breathing mode. |
| Alarm | Orange light, the light is always on when the insulation alarm is triggered. |
| Charging | Green light, breathing at normal rate. |
| Note: | After the single module undervoltage alarm or total undervoltage alarm is triggered, the light belt breath at a slower rate with the orange color. After the single module is less than 2.3V but greater than OV, the RGB light function is turned off and will turn on again until the SOC is ≥15%. |

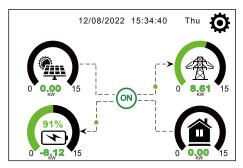
Chart 4-2 Light Meaning

In addition to the LED lights, the battery fault information can be obtained through the screen and the upper computer. DEYE can also read these information through remote WLAN connection.

5. LCD Display Icons

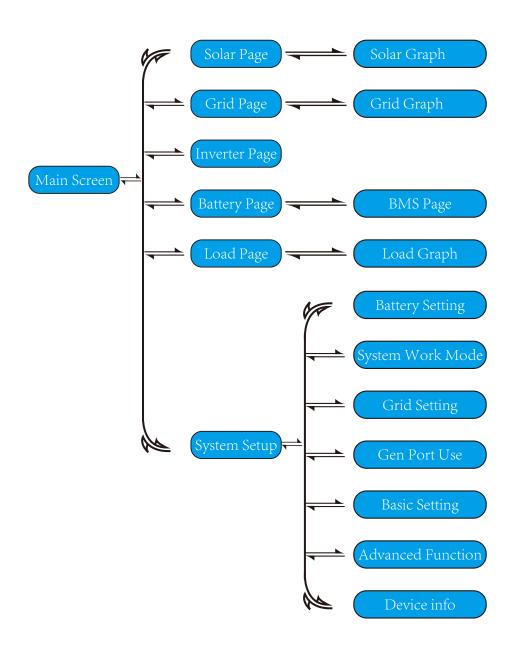
5.1 Main Screen

The LCD is touchscreen, below screen shows the overall information of the inverter.

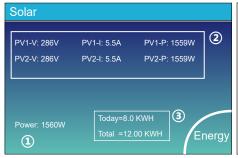


- 1.The icon in the center of the home screen indicates that the system is Normal operation. If it turns into "comm./F01~F64", it means the inverter has communication errors or other errors, the error message will display under this icon(F01-F64 errors, detail error info can be viewed in the System Alarms menu).
- 2.At the top of the screen is the time.
- 3.System Setup Icon, Press this set button, you can enter into the system setup screen which including Basic Setup, Battery Setup, Grid Setup, System Work Mode, Generator port use, Advanced function and Li-Batt info.
- 4.The main screen showing the info including Solar, Grid, Load and Battery. Its also displaying the energy flow direction by arrow. When the power is approximate to high level, the color on the panels will changing from green to red so system info showing vividly on the main screen.
- · PV power and Load power always keep positive.
- · Grid power negative means sell to grid, positive means get from grid.
- · Battery power negative means charge, positive means discharge.

5.1.1 LCD operation flow chart



5.2 Solar Power Curve



This is Solar Panel detail page.

- 1 Solar Panel Generation.
- 2 Voltage, Current, Power for each MPPT.
- 3 Daily and total PV production.

Press the "Energy "button will enter into the power curve page.

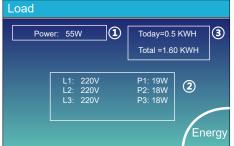
| 221v 229v 225v | 66w 0w 1166w 0w | | 14w 0Hz 0.8w 5.0w 0.9w LD: 28W | -81 50 222v 230v 223v INV_P: -30W | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|---|----------------|
| | ad | 5W 0W | 1192W 24W | -26W -25W | AC_T: 38.8C |
| 0w | 1w 0w | Grid | | Inv | erter |
| 150V -0.41A 27.0C | 150V -0.41A 27.0C | 0W 0V 0.0A | | 0W 0V 0.0A | |
| Batt | ery | PV | | | |

This is Inverter detail page.

1 Inverter Generation.

Voltage, Current, Power for each Phase.

AC-T: mean Heat-sink temperature.



This is Back-up Load detail page.

- 1 Back-up Power.
- 2 Voltage, Power for each Phase.
- (3) Daily and total backup consumption .

Press the "Energy" button will enter into the power curve page.



This is Grid detail page.

- (1) Status, Power, Frequency.
- 2 L: Voltage for each Phase
 - CT: Power detected by the external current sensors
 - LD: Power detected using internal sensors on AC grid in/out breaker
- 3 BUY: Energy from Grid to Inverter,

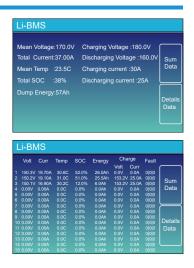
SELL: Energy from Inverter to grid.

Press the "Energy " button will enter into the power curve page.

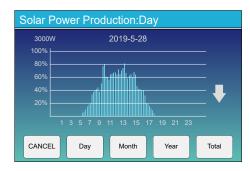


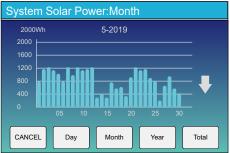
This is Battery detail page.

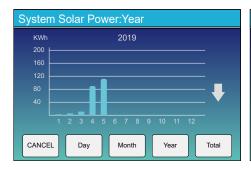
if you use Lithium Battery, you can enter BMS page.



5.3 Curve Page-Solar & Load & Grid



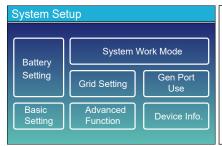






Solar power curve for daily, monthly, yearly and total can be roughly checked on the LCD, for more accuracy power generation, pls check on the monitoring system. Click the up and down arrow to check power curve of different period.

5.4 System Setup Menu



This is System Setup page.

5.5 Basic Setup Menu



Factory Reset: Reset all parameters of the inverter. Lock out all changes: Enable this menu for setting parameters that require locking and cannot be set up. Before performing a successful factory reset and locking the systems, to keep all changes you need to type in a password to enable the setting.

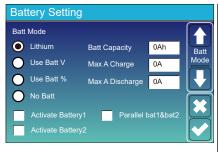
The password for factory settings is 9999 and for lock out is 7777.



Factory Reset PassWork: 9999

Lock out all changes PassWork: 7777

5.6 Battery Setup Menu



Battery capacity: it shows your battery bank size to Deve hybrid inverter.

Use Batt V: Use Battery Voltage for all the settings (V).

Use Batt %: Use Battery SOC for all the settings (%).

Max. A charge/discharge: Max battery charge/discharge current(0-37A for 5/6/8/10/12/15/20KW model). For AGM and Flooded, we recommend Ah battery size x 20%= Charge/Discharge amps.

- . For Lithium, we recommend Ah battery size x 50% = Charge/Discharge amps.
- . For Gel, follow manufacturer's instructions.

No Batt: tick this item if no battery is connected to the system.

Activate Battery1/Activate Battery2: This feature will help recover a battery that is over discharged by slowly charging from the solar array or grid.



This is Battery Setup page.

1

Start =30%: Percent SOC below 30% system will AutoStart a connected generator to charge the battery bank.

A = **20A**: Charge rate of 20A from the attached generator in Amps.

Gen Charge: uses the gen input of the system to charge battery bank from an attached generator.

Gen Signal: Normally open relay that closes when the Gen Start signal state is active.

This is Grid Charge, you need select.



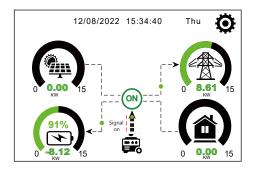
Start =30%: No use, Just for customization.

A = 37A: It indicates the Current that the Grid charges the Battery.

Grid Charge: It indicates that the grid charges

the battery.

Grid Signal: Disable.



This page tells the PV and diesel generator power the load and battery.

Generato

Power: 6000W Today=10 KWH
Total =10 KWH

V_L1: 230V P_L1: 2KW

V_L2: 230V P_L2: 2KW

V_L3: 230V P_L3: 2KW

This page tells generator output voltage, frequency, power. And, how much energy is used from generator.



Lithium Mode: This is BMS protocol.Please reference the document(Approved Battery).

Shutdown 10%: It indicates the inverter will shutdown if the SOC below this value.

Low Batt 20%: It indicates the inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.

Restart 40%: Battery SOC at 40% AC output will resume.

Recommended battery settings

| Battery Type | Absorption Stage | Float Stage | Torque value (every 30 days 3hr) |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lithium | Follow its BMS voltage parameters | | eters |

5.7 System Work Mode Setup Menu



Work Mode

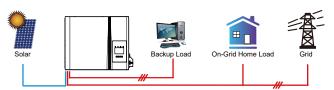
Selling First: This Mode allows hybrid inverter to sell back any excess power produced by the solar panels to the grid. If time of use is active, the battery energy also can be sold into grid.

The PV energy will be used to power the load and charge the battery and then excess energy will flow to grid.

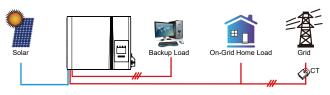
Power source priority for the load is as follows:

- 1. Solar Panels.
- 2. Grid.
- 3. Batteries (until programable % discharge is reached).

Zero Export To Load: Hybrid inverter will only provide power to the backup load connected. The hybrid inverter will neither provide power to the home load nor sell power to grid. The built-in CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load and charge the battery.



Zero Export To CT: Hybrid inverter will not only provide power to the backup load connected but also give power to the home load connected. If PV power and battery power is insufficient, it will take grid energy as supplement. The hybrid inverter will not sell power to grid. In this mode, a CT is needed. The installation method of the CT please refer to chapter 3.6 CT Connection. The external CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load, charge battery and home load.



Solar Sell: "Solar sell" is for Zero export to load or Zero export to CT: when this item is active, the surplus energy can be sold back to grid. When it is active, PV Power source priority usage is as follows: load consumption and charge battery and feed into grid.

Max. sell power: Allowed the maximum output power to flow to grid.

Zero-export Power: for zero-export mode, it tells the grid output power. Recommend to set it as 20-100W to ensure the hybrid inverter won't feed power to grid.

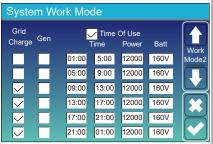
Energy Pattern: PV Power source priority.

Batt First: PV power is firstly used to charge the battery and then used to power the load. If PV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

Load First: PV power is firstly used to power the load and then used to charge the battery. If PV power is insufficient. Grid will provide power to load.

Max Solar Power: allowed the maximum DC input power.

Grid Peak-shaving: when it is active, grid output power will be limited within the set value. If the load power exceeds the allowed value, it will take PV energy and battery as supplement. If still can't meet the load requirement, grid power will increase to meet the load needs.



Time of use: it is used to program when to use grid or generator to charge the battery, and when to discharge the battery to power the load. Only tick "Time Of Use" then the follow items (Grid, charge, time, power etc.) will take effect.

Note: when in selling first mode and click time of use, the battery power can be sold into grid.

Gen charge: utilize diesel generator to charge the battery in a time period.

Time: real time, range of 01:00-24:00.

Note: when the grid is present, only the "time of use" is ticked, then the battery will discharge. Otherwise, the battery won't discharge even the battery SOC is full. But in the off-grid mode (when grid is not available, inverter will work in the off-grid mode automatically).

Power: Max. discharge power of battery allowed. **Batt(V or SOC %):** battery SOC % or voltage at when the action is to happen.

Start 30% 30% A 20A 37A Gen Charge Grid Charge Gen Signal Gen Max Run Time 24.0 hours Gen Down Time 0.0 hours

For example

During 01:00-05:00,

if battery SOC is lower than 80%, it will use grid to charge the battery until battery SOC reaches 80%.

During 05:00-08:00.

if battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%. At the same time, if battery SOC is lower than 40%, then grid will charge the battery SOC to 40%.

During 08:00-10:00,

if battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 10:00-15:00,

when battery SOC is higher than 80%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 80%.

During 15:00-18:00,

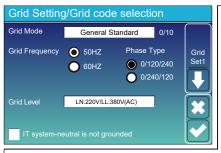
when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 18:00-01:00,

when battery SOC is higher than 35%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 35%.

| System Work Mode | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|------|---------------|
| Grid Charge Gen | <u> </u> | ✓ Time Time | Of Use Power | Batt | |
| | 01:00 | 5:00 | 12000 | 80% | Work Mode2 |
| | 05:00 | 8:00 | 12000 | 40% | |
| | 08:00 | 10:00 | 12000 | 40% | |
| | 10:00 | 15:00 | 12000 | 100% | |
| | 15:00 | 18:00 | 12000 | 40% | |
| | 18:00 | 01:00 | 12000 | 35% | |

5.8 Grid Setup Menu

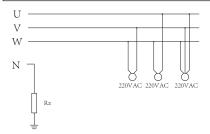


Grid Mode:General Standard、UL1741 & IEEE1547、CPUC RULE21、SRD-UL-1741、CEI 0-21、Australia A、Australia B、Australia C、EN50549_CZ-PPDS(>16A)、NewZealand、VDE4105、OVE-Directive R25.
Please follow the local grid code and then choose the corresponding grid standard.

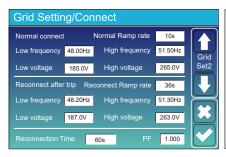
Grid level: there're several voltage levels for the inverter output voltage when it is in off-grid mode. LN:230VAC LL:400VAC,LN:240VAC LL:420VAC,

LN:120VAC LL:208VAC, LN:133VAC LL:230VAC. **IT system**: For the IT grid system, the Line voltage

(between any two lines in a three-phase circuit) is 230Vac, and the diagram is as follow. If your grid system is IT system, please enable "IT system" and tick the "Grid level" as 133-3P as below picture shows.



Rz: Large resistance ground resistor. Or the system doesn't have Neutral line



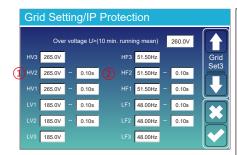
Normal connect: The allowed grid voltage/frequency range when the inverter first time connect to the grid. **Normal Ramp rate**: It is the startup power ramp.

Reconnect after trip: The allowed grid voltage /frequency range for the inverter connects the grid after the inverter trip from the grid.

Reconnect Ramp rate: It is the reconnection power ramp.

Reconnection time: The waiting time period for the inverter connects the grid again.

PF: Power factor which is used to adjust inverter reactive power.



1 HV2: Level 2 overvoltage protection point; 2 0.10s—Trip time. HV3: Level 3 overvoltage protection point.
LV1: Level 1 undervoltage protection point;
LV2: Level 2 undervoltage protection point;
LV3: Level 3 undervoltage protection point.
HS1: Level 1 over frequency protection point.

HF1: Level 1 over frequency protection point;

HV1: Level 1 overvoltage protection point;

HF2: Level 2 over frequency protection point; **HF3:** Level 3 over frequency protection point.

LF1: Level 1 under frequency protection point;

LF2: Level 2 under frequency protection point;

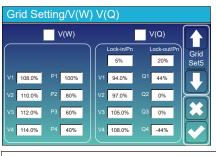
LF3: Level 3 under frequency protection point.



FW: this series inverter is able to adjust inverter output power according to grid frequency.

Droop F: percentage of nominal power per Hz For example, "Start freq F > 50.2Hz, Stop freq F < 51.5, Droop F=40%PE/Hz" when the grid frequency reaches 50.2Hz, the inverter will decrease its active power at Droop F of 40%. And then when grid system frequency is less than 50.1Hz, the inverter will stop decreasing output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



V(W): It is used to adjust the inverter active power according to the set grid voltage.

V(Q): It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power according to the set grid voltage.

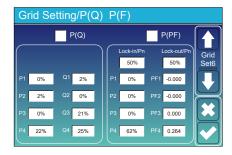
This function is used to adjust inverter output power (active power and reactive power) when grid voltage changes.

Lock-in/Pn 5%: When the inverter active power is less than 5% rated power, the VQ mode will not take effect. **Lock-out/Pn 20%:** If the inverter active power is increasing from 5% to 20% rated power, the VQ mode will take effect again.

For example: V2=110%, P2=80%. When the grid voltage reaches the 110% times of rated grid voltage, inverter output power will reduce its active output power to 80% rated power.

For example: V1=94%, Q1=44%. When the grid voltage reaches the 94% times of rated grid voltage, inverter output power will output 44% reactive output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



P(Q): It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power according to the set active power. **P(PF):** It is used to adjust the inverter PF according

P(PF): It is used to adjust the inverter PF according to the set active power.

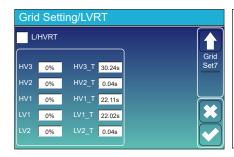
For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.

Lock-in/Pn 50%: When the inverter output active power is less then 50% rated power, it won't enter the P(PF) mode.

Lock-out/Pn 50%: Lock-out/Pn 50%: When the inverter output active power is higher then 50% rated power, it will enter the P(PF) mode.

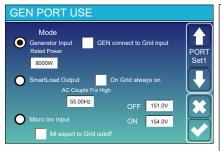
Note: only when the grid voltage is equal to or higher

Note: only when the grid voltage is equal to or higher than 1.05times of rated grid voltage, then the P(PF) mode will take effect.



Reserved: This function is reserved. It is not recommended.

5.9 Generator Port Use Setup Menu



Generator input rated power: allowed Max. power from diesel generator.

GEN connect to grid input: connect the diesel generator to the grid input port.

Smart Load Output: This mode utilizes the Gen input connection as an output which only receives power when the battery SOC is above a user programmable threshold.

e.g. ON: 100%, OFF: 95%: When the battery bank SOC reaches 100%, Smart Load Port will switch on automatically and power the load connected. When the battery bank SOC < 95%, the Smart Load Port will switch off automatically.

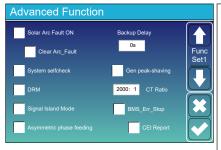
Smart Load OFF Batt

- Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch off. Smart Load ON Batt
- Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch on. simultaneously and then the Smart load will switch on.
 On Grid always on: When click "on Grid always on" the smart load will switch on when the grid is present.
 Micro Inv Input: To use the Generator input port as a micro-inverter on grid inverter input (AC coupled), this feature will also work with "Grid-Tied" inverters.
- * Micro Inv Input OFF: when the battery SOC exceeds setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will shut down.
- * Micro Inv Input ON: when the battery SOC is lower than setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will start to work.

AC Couple Frz High: If choosing "Micro Inv input", as the battery SOC reaches gradually setting value (OFF), during the process, the microinverter output power will decrease linear. When the battery SOC equals to the setting value (OFF), the system frequency will become the setting value (AC couple Frz high) and the Microinverter will stop working. MI export to grid cutsoff: Stop exporting power produced by the microinverter to the grid.

* Note: Micro Inv Input OFF and On is valid for some certain FW version only.

5.10 Advanced Function Setup Menu



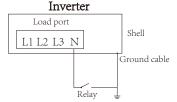
Solar Arc Fault ON: This is only for US.

System selfcheck: Disable. this is only for factory. **Gen Peak-shaving:** Enable When the power of the generator exceeds the rated value of it, the inverter will provide the redundant part to ensure that the generator will not overload.

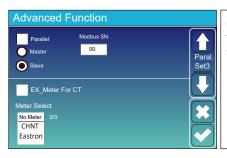
DRM: For AS4777 standard **Backup Delay:** Reserved

BMS_Err_Stop: When it is active, if the battery BMS failed to communicate with inverter, the inverter will stop working and report fault.

Signal island mode: If "Signal island mode" is checked and When inverter is in off-grid mode, the relay on the Neutral line (load port N line) will switch ON then the N line (load port N line) will bind to inverter ground.



Asymmetric phase feeding: If it was checked, the excess PV energy that feeds into the grid will be balanced on the three phase.



Ex_Meter For CT: when using zero-export to CT mode, the hybrid inverter can select EX_Meter For CT function and use the different meters.e.g.CHNT and Eastron.

5.11 Device Info Setup Menu

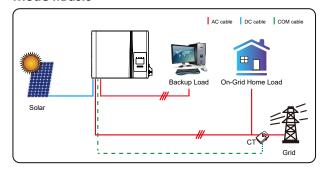


This page show Inverter ID, Inverter version and alarm codes.

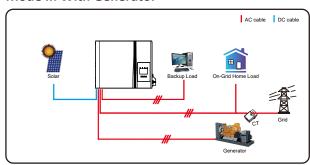
HMI: LCD version

MAIN: Control board FW version

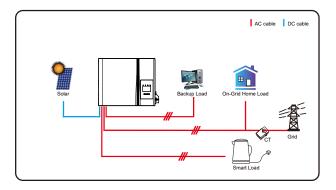
6. Mode Mode I:Basic



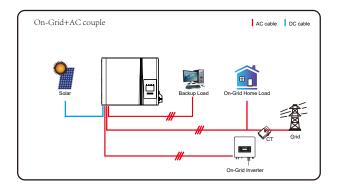
Mode II: With Generator



Mode III: With Smart-Load



Mode IV: AC Couple





The 1st priority power of the system is always the PV power, then 2nd and 3rd priority power will be the battery bank or grid according to the settings. The last power backup will be the Generator if it is available.

7. Limitation of Liability

In addition to the product warranty described above, the state and local laws and regulations provide financial compensation for the product's power connection (including violation of implied terms and warranties). The company hereby declares that the terms and conditions of the product and the policy cannot and can only legally exclude all liability within a limited scope.

| Error code | Description | Solutions |
|------------|------------------------|--|
| F01 | DC_Inversed_Failure | Check the PV input polarity Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F07 | DC_START_Failure | The BUS voltage can't be built from PV or battery. Restart the inverter, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help |
| F13 | Working_Mode_change | 1. When the grid type and frequency changed it will report F13; 2. When the battery mode was changed to "No battery" mode, it will report F13; 3. For some old FW version, it will report F13 when the system work mode changed; 4, Generally, it will disappear automatically when shows F13; 5. If it remains same, turn on DC and AC switch for one minute, then turn on the DC and AC switch.; 6. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F15 | AC_OverCurr_SW_Failure | AC side over current fault 1. Please check whether the backup load power and common load power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is normal; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F16 | GFCI_Failure | Leakage current fault 1, Check the PV side cable ground connection 2, Restart the system 2-3 times 3, if the fault still existing, please contact us for help. |
| F18 | Tz_Ac_OverCurr_Fault | AC side over current fault 1. Please check whether the backup load power and commonload power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is normal; 3. Seek help from us, if cannot go back to normal state. |
| F20 | Tz_Dc_OverCurr_Fault | DC side over current fault 1. Check PV module connection and battery connection; 2. When in the off-grid mode, the inverter startup with big power load, it may report F20. Please reduce the load power connected; 3. If it remains same, turn on DC and AC switch for one minute, then turn on the DC and AC switch.; 4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |

| Error code | Description | Solutions |
|------------|------------------------|---|
| F21 | Tz_HV_Overcurr_fault | BUS over current. 1, Check the PV input current and battery current setting 2. Restart the system 2~3 times. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help. |
| F22 | Tz_EmergStop_Fault | Remotely shutdown 1, it tells the inverter is remotely controlled. |
| F23 | Tz_GFCI_OC_Fault | Leakage current fault 1. Check PV side cable ground connection. 2. Restart the system 2~3 times. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help. |
| F24 | DC_Insulation_Fault | PV isolation resistance is too low 1. Check the connection of PV panels and inverter is firmly and correctly; 2. Check whether the PE cable of inverter is connected to ground; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F26 | BusUnbalance_Fault | Please wait for a while and check whether it is normal; When the load power of 3 phases is big different, it will report the F26. When there's DC leakage current, it will report F26. Restart the system 2~3 times. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F29 | Parallel_Comm_Fault | When in parallel mode, check the parallel communication cable connection and hybrid inverter communication address setting; During the parallel system startup period, inverters will report F29.But when all inverters are in ON status, it will disappear automatically; |
| F34 | AC_Overload_Fault | Check the backup load connection, make sure it is in allowed power range If the fault still exists, please contact us for help |
| F41 | Parallel_system_Stop | 1, Check the hybrid inverter work status. If there's 1pcs hybrid inverter shutdown, all hybrid inverters will report F41 fault. 2, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help |
| F42 | Parallel_Version_Fault | Grid voltage fault 1. Check whether the AC voltage is within grid standard protection limits.; 2. Check whether grid AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |

| Error code | Description | Solutions |
|------------|-------------------------|---|
| F47 | AC_OverFreq_Fault | Grid frequency out of range 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not; 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F48 | AC_UnderFreq_Fault | Grid frequency out of range 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not; 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F52 | DC_VoltHigh_Fault | BUS voltage is too high 1. Check whether battery voltage is too high; 2. check the PV input voltage, make sure it is within the allowed range; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F53 | DC_VoltLow_Fault | BUS voltage is too low 1. Check whether battery voltage is too low; 2. If the battery voltage is too low, using PV or grid to charge the battery; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F54 | BAT2_VoltHigh_Fault | Check the battery 2 terminal voltage is high; Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F55 | BAT1_VoltHigh_Fault | Check the battery 1 terminal voltage is high; Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F56 | BAT1_VoltLow_Fault | Check the battery 1 terminal voltage is low; Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F57 | BAT2_VoltLow_Fault | Check the battery 2 terminal voltage is low; Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |
| F58 | Battery_comm_Lose | 1, It tells the communication between hybrid inverter and battery BMS disconnected when "BMS_Err-Stop" is active; 2, If don't want to see this happen, you can disable "BMS_Err-Stop" item on the LCD; 3, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help |
| F62 | DRMs0_stop | the DRM function is for Australia market only; Check the DRM function is active or not; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state after restart the system. |
| F63 | ARC_Fault | ARC fault detection is only for US market; Check PV module cable connection and clear the fault; Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state |
| F64 | Heatsink_HighTemp_Fault | Heat sink temperature is too high 1. Check whether the working environment temperature is too high; 2. Turn off the inverter for 10mins and restart; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state. |

Chart 7-1 Fault information

Under the guidance of our company, customers return our products so that our company can provide service of maintenance or replacement of products of the same value. Customers need to pay the necessary freight and other related costs. Any replacement or repair of the product will cover the remaining warranty period of the product. If any part of the product or product is replaced by the company itself during the warranty period, all rights and interests of the replacement product or component belong to the company.

Factory warranty does not include damage due to the following reasons:

- · Damage during transportation of equipment;
- · Damage caused by incorrect installation or commissioning;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with operation instructions, installation instructions or maintenance instructions;
- · Damage caused by attempts to modify, alter or repair products;
- · Damage caused by incorrect use or operation;
- · Damage caused by insufficient ventilation of equipment;
- · Damage caused by failure to comply with applicable safety standards or regulations;
- · Damage caused by natural disasters or force majeure (e.g. floods, lightning, overvoltage, storms, fires, etc.)

In addition, normal wear or any other failure will not affect the basic operation of the product. Any external scratches, stains or natural mechanical wear does not represent a defect in the product.

8. Datasheet

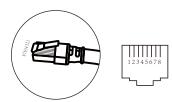
| GB- SL5K-EU | GB- SL6K-EU | GB- SL8K-EU | GB- SL10K-EU | GB- SL12K-EU | GB- SL15K-EU | GB- SL20K-EU |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Li-lon | | | | | | |
| | | | 160~700 | | | |
| | | | 37 | | | |
| | | | 37 | | | |
| | | | 1 | | | |
| | | Self-a | daption to | BMS | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 6500 | 7800 | 10400 | 13000 | 15600 | 19500 | 26000 |
| | | | 1000 | | | |
| | | | 150-850 | | | |
| | | | 180 | | | |
| 195-850 | 195-850 | 260-850 | 325-850 | 340-850 | 420-850 | 500-850 |
| | 1 | | 600 | | | |
| 20+20 | 20+20 | 20+20 | 20+20 | 26+20 | 26+20 | 26+26 |
| 30+30 | 30+30 | 30+30 | 30+30 | 39+30 | 39+30 | 39+39 |
| | 1 | ı | 2 | l | ı | ı |
| 1+1 | 1+1 | 1+1 | 1+1 | 2+1 | 2+1 | 2+2 |
| | ' | | | | | - |
| 5000 | 6000 | 8000 | 10000 | 12000 | 15000 | 20000 |
| 5500 | 6600 | 8800 | 11000 | 13200 | 16500 | 22000 |
| | | 1.5 time o | f rated po | wer, 10 S | | |
| 7.6/7.3 | 9.1/8.7 | 12.2/11.6 | 15.2/14.5 | 18.2/17.4 | 22.8/21.8 | 30.4/29.0 |
| 8.4/8.0 | 10/9.6 | 13.4/12.8 | 16.7/16 | 20/19.2 | 25/24 | 33.4/31.9 |
| 13 | 13 | 18 | 22 | 25 | 30 | 35 |
| | 40 80 | | | | | |
| 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging | | | | | | |
| | 50/60Hz; 3L/N/PE 220/380, 230/400Vac | | | | | |
| | Three Phase | | | | | |
| <3% (of nominal power) | | | | | | |
| <0.5% ln | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | 97.60% | | | |
| 97.00% | | | | | | |
| >99% | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | I | ntegrated | | | |
| Integrated | | | | | | |
| | Integrated | | | | | |
| | | Integrated | | | | |
| Integrated | | | | | | |
| Integrated | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | I | ntegrated | | | |
| | | | ntegrated be II / AC T | | | |
| | 5000 195-850 20+20 30+30 1+1 5000 5500 7.6/7.3 8.4/8.0 | 6500 7800 195-850 195-850 20+20 20+20 30+30 30+30 1+1 1+1 5000 6000 5500 6600 7.6/7.3 9.1/8.7 8.4/8.0 10/9.6 13 13 | Self-accomplete Self-accomplet | Li-lon | Li-lon | Li-lon |

| Certifications and Standards | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Grid Regulation | VDE4105,IEC61727/62116,VDE0126,AS4777.2,CEI 0 21,EN50549-1, G98,G99,C10-11,UNE217002,NBR16149/NBR16150 | | |
| EMC/Safety Regulation | IEC62109-1/-2, NBT32004-2018, EN61000-6-1,EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4 | | |
| General Data | | | |
| Operating Temperature Rande(°C) | -40~60 °C , >45 °C Derating | | |
| Cooling | Smart cooling | | |
| Noise(dB) | ≤55 dB | | |
| Communication with BMS | RS485; CAN | | |
| Weight(kg) | 30.5 | | |
| Size(mm) | 408W×638H×237D | | |
| Protection Degree | IP65 | | |
| Installation Style | Wall-mounted | | |
| Warranty | 5 years | | |

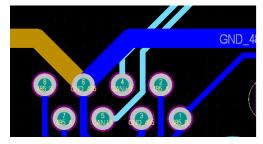
9. Appendix I

Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS1

| No. | RS485 Pin |
|-----|-----------|
| 1 | 485_B |
| 2 | 485_A |
| 3 | GND_485 |
| 4 | CAN-H1 |
| 5 | CAN-L1 |
| 6 | GND_485 |
| 7 | 485_A |
| 8 | 485_B |



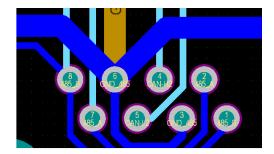
BMS1 Port



Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS2

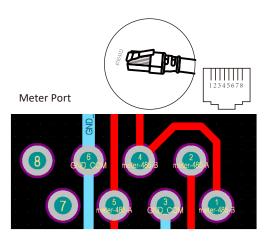
| No. | RS485 Pin |
|-----|-----------|
| 1 | 485_B |
| 2 | 485_A |
| 3 | GND_485 |
| 4 | CAN-H2 |
| 5 | CAN-L2 |
| 6 | GND_485 |
| 7 | 485_A |
| 8 | 485_B |

BMS2 Port



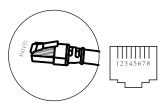
Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for Meter

| No. | Meter-485 Pin |
|-----|---------------|
| 1 | METER-485_B |
| 2 | METER-485_A |
| 3 | GND_COM |
| 4 | METER-485_B |
| 5 | METER-485_A |
| 6 | GND_COM |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |

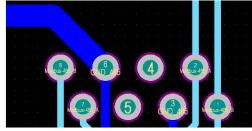


Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for RS485

| No. | RS485 Pin |
|-----|--------------|
| 1 | Modbus-485_B |
| 2 | Modbus-485_A |
| 3 | GND_485 |
| 4 | |
| 5 | |
| 6 | GND_485 |
| 7 | Modbus-485_A |
| 8 | Modbus-485_B |

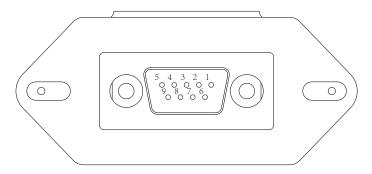


RS485 Port



RS232

| No. | WIFI/RS232 |
|-----|------------|
| 1 | |
| 2 | TX |
| 3 | RX |
| 4 | |
| 5 | D-GND |
| 6 | |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | 12Vdc |

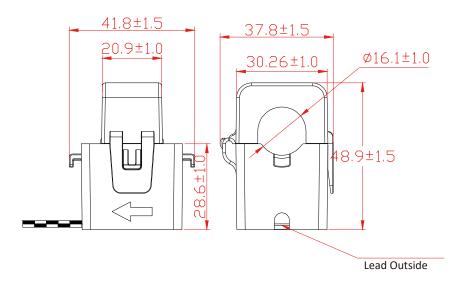


WIFI/RS232

This RS232 port is used to connect the wifi datalogger

10. Appendix II

- 1. Split Core Current Transformer (CT) dimension: (mm)
- 2. Secondary output cable length is 4m.





Ver: 2.2, 2023-01-11

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